Sorghum and Millet Innovations

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**Background**
Sorghum and finger millet have been essential staple foods in the semi-arid tropics of Africa for centuries. In eastern Africa, they form an important part of diets of people in Ethiopia, southern Sudan, northern Kenya and Uganda. Nutritionally, the grains are equal or superior to other staple cereals as they are a good source of quality protein and various minerals. Yet the yields of sorghum and finger millet remain very low – well below their genetic potential – partly due to the low research investment to address present productivity challenges including climate change compared to other mainstream crops. There is a need for more drought tolerant, disease and pest resistant varieties adoptable to low inputs in marginal lands.

**The Project goal**
This consortium project is working to deliver sorghum and finger millet technologies that minimize the effects of climate change, raise productivity and increase income of sorghum and finger millet for farmers through development-oriented research and innovation activities in eastern Africa. The project proposes an approach that will employ both upstream and downstream technologies to enable development of new tools for improvement of sorghum and finger millet productivity leading to the adoption of improved, disease- and drought- tolerant sorghum and finger millet varieties by the smallholder farmers. The project will employ diverse research approaches ranging from comparative genomic tools to field experiments and participatory on-farm activities. Specifically the project aims to:

1. **Identity, develop and deliver sorghum and millet technologies that improve productivity and mitigate the negative effects of climate change;**

2. **Develop, promote and apply molecular tools to compliment conventional breeding activities for sorghum and finger millet in partner countries;**

3. **Develop and commercialize bio-control agents to control sorghum chaffer pest and finger millet blast disease;**

4. **Develop and promote value addition to sorghum and finger millet in partnership with the private sector as market for produce;**

**The Innovation**
Develop early maturing, drought and blast resistant finger millet and drought and disease tolerant sorghum seeds suitable for different agro-ecological zones in eastern Africa by applying biosciences innovations.

- Assessment of regional genetic diversity of existing and new collections and identifying genes with drought tolerance and blast resistance in finger millet.

- Mapping novel stay green quantitative trait locus (QTL) in sorghum
Develop molecular markers to compliment breeding for drought and disease resistance in sorghum and finger millet

Achievements
1. Drought and disease tolerant novel sorghum and finger millet genotypes identified and evaluated on-farm.
2. Genetic factors contributing to stay-green trait located in the genome for use in marker-assisted selection.
3. A new cultivar of finger millet that is extra early maturing – matures in 80 days compared to typical 120 days – and that can grow in drier areas has been identified and currently undergoing regulatory validation in Kenya.
4. Finger millet genotypes evaluated and characterized for blast tolerance at molecular level.
5. Modern tools including molecular markers and candidate genes that will help reduce the breeding process for the two crops demonstrated to national breeding programs in partner countries.
6. Build the capacity of breeders to apply genomic tools in breeding programs in the region.

Future Prospects
The next phase of the project will ensure taking the innovations to scale for impact. This will entail supporting and strengthening the already established innovation platform for sorghum and finger millet that assembles the right partners along the value chain, at least in the initial stages. The scientists in the consortium will continuously apply biosciences to generate superior sorghum and finger millet lines using modern genomic tools and address other productivity challenges. The varieties developed will be commercialized and promoted with the right partners including seed companies and community based organizations to ensure farmers have access to these varieties. The consortium is actively engaging a food processor for value addition on sorghum and finger millet to establish a market and improve agribusiness opportunities for smallholder farmers.

Participating countries, institutions and organizations
Research Institutions
- Addis Ababa University (AAU)
- Makerere University
- Ethiopian Institute for Agricultural Research (EIAR)
- The International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid-Tropics (ICRISAT)
- Mikocheni Agricultural Research Institution (MARI)
- Maseno University
- Moi University
- University of Georgia (UGA-USA)

Community based organizations
- Community Rehabilitation and Environmental Protection Programme (CREP Programme)

Private sector
- Simple Foods Limited

“This program is a vital ingredient to making sure small scale farmers across eastern Africa feel the security and potential of growing millets and also providing a reliable supply for private sector industries.” Nirav Patel, Director Simple Foods Limited